CBT Class-VII Nov'2023

MATHMATICS

Q1.Which of the following rational number is not equivalent to 7/-4

Ans: d) 7/-8

Explanation: 7 - 4 = 7 × 2 - 4 × 27 - 4 = 7 × 2 - 4 × 214 - 8 ≠ 7 - 8

Q2 .0 is not

Ans: c) Whole number

Explanation: 0 is not a natural number. It is a whole number. Natural numbers only include positive integers

Q3. The given property a + b=b + a is known as

Ans: a) Commutative property

Explanation: Commutative property says that the numbers can be added in any order, and you will still get the same answer. a+b = b+a is a clear example of the commutative property.

Q4. Find the multiplicative inverse of 13

Ans: d) 1/13

Explanation: The multiplicative inverse of 13 is (13)1 = 1/13

Q 5.What is the product of 3/10 and 5/6?

Ans: d)1/4

Explanation: The product of 3 /10 and 5/6: \Rightarrow 3/10 x 5/6 \Rightarrow (3 x 5)/(10 x 6) \Rightarrow 15/60 \Rightarrow 1/4

Q 6.The numbers used for counting objects are called

Ans : a) Natural numbers

Explanation: Counting objects are always positive and more than zero

Q 7. What should be subtracted from -2/3 to get -1 ?

Ans: a) 1/3

Explanation: Let x be subtracted from -2/3. -2/3 - x = -1 -x = -1 + 2/3 -x = -1/3 x = 1/3

Q8. The additive identity of any rational number is

Ans: a) 0

Explanation: The rational number that does not have a reciprocal 0 because the reciprocal of 0 is undefined.

Q9.1 is the multiplicative identity for.....

Ans: d) All of the above

Explanation: We know that whole numbers are a subset of integers which in turn are a subset of rational numbers. Also, 1 is the multiplicative identity for rational numbers because the product of 1 and any rational number is the rational number itself. Thus, 1 is the multiplicative identity for whole numbers, integers, and rational numbers.

Q10. If a b and c are whole numbers, then a+(b +c) =(a +b)+c. This property is called

Ans: a) Associative property

Explanation: a+(b+c) = (a+b)+c is associative property of whole numbers.